



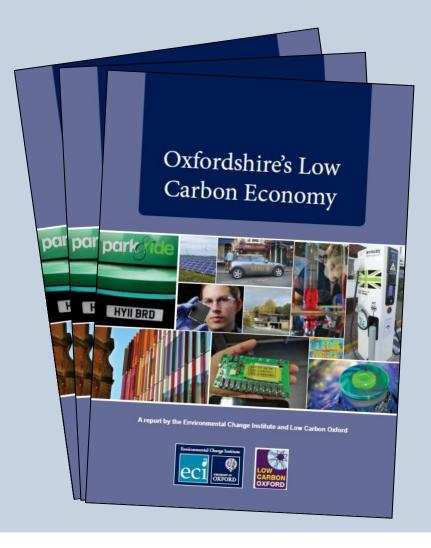
Making the local economic case for low carbon – an Oxfordshire case study

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Summary of presentation

- Background to the project
 - Local context
 - Strategic Economic Plan
- Report findings
 - Economic analysis
 (comparative advantage)
 - Scenarios to 2030
- Debates with stakeholders
- Discussion







Local economic and political context

- ~100km from London
- In the top 3 UK regions for R&D jobs
- Knowledge-based economy
- Two leading universities
- Largely affluent, educated population
- Pockets of deprivation
- Political tensions and governance issues between City and County







Strategic Economic Plan to 2030

- €8.9 bn investment to 2030
- €9.3 bn gross value added (GVA)
- €1 bn public sector funding (~10% of total)
- Upto 100,000 new homes
- Faster broadband
- Better road network
- Better public transport

Focus on the 'knowledge spine', building on intellectual strengths (universities and industry)







Oxfordshire's economic strengths (comparative advantage)

All economic sectors

- Tertiary education
- Health
- Research (science & engineering
- Engineering
- Publishing
- Market research
- Motor vehicle manufacturing
- Advertising

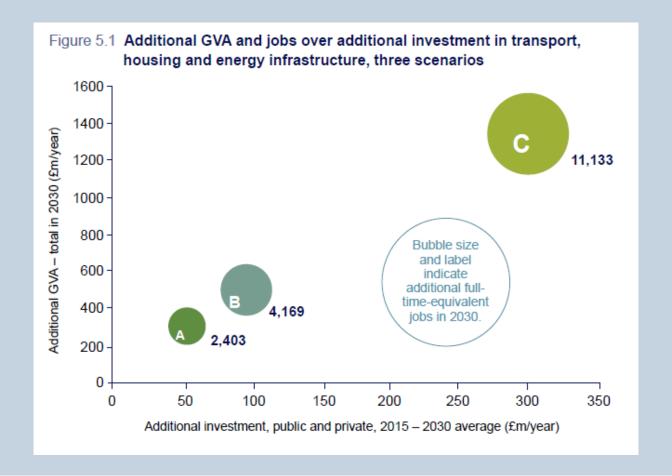
Energy & Env. Sector

- Building technologies
- Alternative fuels
- Wind
- Alternative fuel vehicles
- Nuclear power
- ... and associated professional services
- •€1.6 bn sales
- •~7% of GVA
- **-**8,800 jobs





Three scenarios for infrastructure investment in Oxfordshire to 2030







Debates with stakeholders

Predominant stakeholder viewpoint:

- 'Low carbon' as an economic sector
- •Innovation = new technology
- The need is to identify and support technology clusters

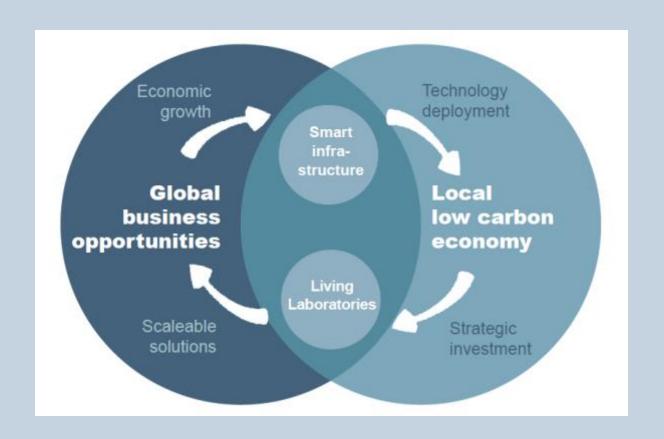
Report authors' viewpoint:

- 'Low carbon' as a cross-cutting theme for the whole economy
- Innovation = new technology, practices, business models, social arrangements, etc
- Technology clusters in pre-determined economic sectors do not go far enough





Living Laboratories – a way forward?







Discussion

- A plausible local/regional strategy has to be context-specific
- A 'low carbon' strategic vision is in competition with other visions of the future
- Our quantitative analysis is imperfect ... but it helps!
- Some stakeholders wanted us to 'prove' that investment in low carbon would out-perform other kinds of investment
- Fragmented governance is a particular problem in our city region
- Current activity is about 1% of what is needed for scenario C
- Has the report made any difference?





Thank you. Comments or questions?

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